

2013年十堰市初中毕业生学业考试

英语试题
















注意事项:

1. 本试卷共有 8 页, 共 86 小题, 满分 120 分, 考试时限 120 分钟。
2. 答题前, 考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试卷和答题卡指定的位置, 并认真核对条形码上的准考证号和姓名, 在答题卡规定的位置贴好条形码。
3. 选择题必须使用 2B 铅笔填涂; 非选择题必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔答题, 不得使用铅笔或圆珠笔做非选择题, 要求字体工整, 笔迹清楚。请按照题目序号对应答题卡各题目的答题区域内作答, 超出答题区域的答案, 在试卷、草稿纸上答题无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁, 考试结束后, 请将本试卷和答题卡一并上交。

第一部分 听力理解 (一道大题, 共 25 分)

I、听力测试 (本题四节, 每小题 1 分, 共 25 分)

第一节: 请听 5 组小对话及对话后的问题, 选择能正确回答所提问题的图画选项。每段对话及对话后的问题均读两遍。

1. A. 	B. 	C. 
2. A. 	B. 	C. 
3. A. 	B. 	C. 
4. A. 	B. 	C. 
5. A. 	B. 	C. 

第二节: 请听 4 段大对话, 并按要求作答。每段对话均读两遍。

听第一段大对话, 回答第 6 和第 7 小题。

6. Where will the dinner party be held?
A. At Helen's. B. At Paul's. C. At Brown's.
7. Why can't Helen go to the party?
A. She is seriously ill. B. She doesn't like dinner parties.
C. She has to stay at home.

听第二段大对话, 回答第 8 和第 9 小题。

8. What did Marco do yesterday?
A. He worked with Steve. B. He went boating in the park.
C. He went fishing in the river.
9. What do we know about Steve?
A. He wanted to study at Cambridge before.
B. He is now studying at Harvard.
C. He has no interest in business.

听第三段大对话, 回答第 10~12 小题。

10. What are they going to buy?
A. A shirt. B. A skirt. C. A dress.
11. What color does Peter prefer?

- A. Red color. B. Light color. C. Dark color.
12. Why doesn't Kate like the light color one?
A. Easy to get dirty. B. Too small. C. Very expensive.
- 听第四段大对话，回答第 13~15 小题
13. What happened to the man?
A. He didn't go home last night. B. He was angry with his friend.
C. His wife was angry with him.
14. Why did the man come home late last night?
A. He had a lot of work to do. B. He met an old friend.
C. He went to look for Lily.
15. What did Lily ask the man to do?
A. To come back home early. B. To bring his friend home.
C. To have a heart to heart talk.

第三节：请听一段短文，并根据其内容，选择正确答案。短文读两遍。

16. _____ suggest that students should have 9 hours' sleep every night.
A. Parents B. Teachers C. Scientists
17. What can cause problems in a student's study?
A. Quarreling with their parents. B. Arriving late for class.
C. Falling asleep in class.
18. Most students feel nervous and forgetful because _____.
A. they worry about their studies B. they don't get enough sleep
C. they often get lower grades
19. When should many students go to sleep ?
A. After 12 am. B. Before 11 pm. C. At about 9 pm.
20. Most students go to bed late because _____.
A. there may be too much noise in his room
B. there may be a parent in his room
C. there may be a computer in his room

第四节：任务型听力。请听一段材料，并根据其内容完成信息记录表。材料读两遍。

Where does Sally work?	She works in a(n)(21) _____.
Why does she sometimes (22) _____ late?	Because of extra work.
What happened one morning?	She (23) _____ the bus and (24) _____ late for work.
Why did the manager shout at her?	Because he didn't (25) _____.

第二部分 基础知识运用（两道大题，共 30 分）

II. 单项选择（本题一节，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

从所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. —This is a useful dictionary, I think.
—So it is, and it's _____ unusual one.
A. the B. an C. a D. 不填
27. —Which do you prefer, a CD player or a walkman?

- I prefer a portable computer.
- A. Both B. Either C. None D. Neither
28. —Two hundred *yuan* for such a T-shirt! You _____ be joking!
—I'm not joking . It's made of silk.
- A. can't B. can C. need D. must
29. I'm looking after Tom today. He's been in my house _____8:00 this morning.
- A. at B. for C. since D. till
30. Here is the book. First _____it and then tell me what you think of it.
- A. look into B. look through C. look up D. look after
31. The Palace Museum is the best place _____I've ever visited.
- A. that B. which C. where D. what
32. —What kind of persons do you prefer to make friends with?
—I choose my friends on their characters and how we _____.
- A. get in B. get up C. get on D. get off
33. How kind you are ! You always do what you can _____ others .
- A. help B. helping C. helps D. to help
34. Tommy is looking for _____ in the cinema. He has drunk too much water .



A



B



C



D

35. The new-designed car is on show now. I wonder _____.
- A. how much it cost B. how much it costs
C. how much did it cost D. how much does it cost
36. —I want to borrow the book, but I don't know how long it may _____.
—For two weeks.
- A. keep B. be borrowed C. borrow D. be kept
37. —Many boy students think math is _____ English.
—I agree. I'm weak in English.
- A. much difficult than B. so difficult as
C. less difficult than D. more difficult than
38. There's little important news in the newspaper today, _____?
- A. isn't there B. is there C. is it D. are there
39. —Can I park my car here , sir?
—_____. You see, there's much traffic here.
- A. Never mind B. You'd better not C. Of course not D. Yes, please
40. —Have a nice weekend! — _____.
- A. You're so kind B. You do ,too
C. The same to you D. With pleasure

III. 完形填空 (本题一节, 每小题1分, 共15分)

通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入短文空白处的最佳选项。

“You speak very good English”

The other day I heard an American say to a Chinese student of English. "You 41 very good English." But the student answered, "No, my English is very poor." The foreigner was quite 42 at the answer. Thinking he had not made himself 43 or the student had not heard him clearly, he said, "Yes, indeed, you speak it very well." But the Chinese student still 44 saying "No". 45 the foreigner gave up and didn't know what to say.

What's wrong with the student's answer? It is because he didn't accept a compliment as the American people 46. He should have said "Thank you" instead of "No". He actually understood what the American had said. But he thought he should be modest. If someone says to a woman, "You look 47 beautiful with the new clothes 48," she should be very happy and answer, "Thank you." In our country we think 49 modest is a virtue and showing off is a bad behavior. But in the West, if you are modest and say, "No, 50 I can't do it well," then the others will take it for granted (理所当然) that you 51 can not do it. If you often say, "No", you will certainly be looked down upon by 52. When 53 for a job, if one says something like "Yes, I can certainly do it" instead of "Let me have a try on the job", he or she can expect to get it. So in the West, one should always be confident. 54 self-confidence, he can't go anywhere. Confidence is of great 55 to one in a country where competition is quite keen. (激烈)

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 41. A. say | B. talk | C. speak | D. tell |
| 42. A. surprising | B. surprised | C. laughed | D. laughing |
| 43. A. understood | B. understand | C. to understand | D. understanding |
| 44. A. keep | B. keeping | C. keeps | D. kept |
| 45. A. At first | B. By the way | C. In the end | D. First of all |
| 46. A. did | B. done | C. to do | D. do |
| 47. A. such | B. such a | C. so | D. so a |
| 48. A. for | B. on | C. in | D. into |
| 49. A. being | B. be | C. having | D. have |
| 50. A. I'm afraid | B. I'm not sure | C. I don't mind | D. I don't know |
| 51. A. hardly | B. really | C. badly | D. luckily |
| 52. A. another | B. other | C. the other | D. others |
| 53. A. asking | B. ask | C. provide | D. providing |
| 54. A. With | B. Without | C. by | D. under |
| 55. A. importantly | B. unimportant | C. important | D. importance |

第三部分 阅读理解 (一道大题, 共 35 分)

IV. 综合阅读 (本题四节, 共 35 分)

第一节: 阅读短文, 根据其内容, 选择最佳选项完成下列各题。(10分)



A young man from a village called Nawalapitiya married a young woman from Maiyuwa, a small village. They lived with the man's big family—his parents, his brothers, their wives and husbands and children. The family kept an elephant, in which the woman soon took a great interest. Every day she fed it with fruit and sugar.

Three months later, having quarreled with her husband, the woman went back to her parents' home. Soon the elephant refused to eat and work. It appeared to be ill and heartbroken. One morning after several weeks the animal **disappeared** from the house.

It went to the woman's home. On seeing her, the elephant waved its trunk and touched her with it. The young woman was so moved by the act of the animal. So she went back to her husband's home.

56. The woman left her new home _____.

- A. to visit her own parents in Maiyuwa
 B. to see if the elephant would follow her
 C. because she was angry with her husband
 D. because she was tired of the large family
57. The word “*disappeared*” in the reading means “_____”.
- A. ran away B. lost C. hid D. remained
58. After the young woman left her husband’s home, the elephant_____.
- A. returned to the forest B. was sad because it missed her
 C. went to look for a new home D. was sick because nobody fed it
59. How did the elephant express its feeling when it saw the young woman?
- A. It waved its trunk and smiled. B. It touched her with its trunk.
 C. It touched her and cried. D. It waved its trunk and ran around her.
60. The writer wrote the story in order to_____.
- A. show that elephants are very clever
 B. tell how a woman trained a wild animal
 C. show that women care more for animals than men do
 D. tell how an animal got a husband and a wife together again

第二节： 阅读短文， 根据其内容， 选择最佳选项完成下列各题。（10分）

Paragraph 1: Scientists have learned a lot about the kinds of food people need. They say that there are several kinds of food that people should eat every day. They are: (1) green and yellow vegetables of all kinds; (2) citrus(柑桔) fruits and tomatoes; (3) potatoes and other fruits and vegetables; (4) meat of all kinds, fish and eggs; (5) milk and foods made from milk; (6) bread or cereal(谷物), rice is also in this kind of food; (7) butter, or something like butter.

Paragraph 2: People in different places of the world eat different kinds of things. Foods are cooked and eaten in many different kinds of ways. People in different countries eat at different times of the day. In some places people eat once or twice a day; in other countries people eat three or four times. Scientists say that none of the differences is really important. It doesn’t matter whether foods are eaten raw or cooked. It doesn’t matter if a person eats dinner at 4 o’clock in the afternoon or at 11 o’clock at night. The important thing is what you eat every day.

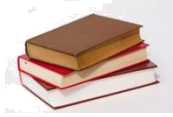
Paragraph 3: There are two problems, then, in feeding the large number of people on earth. The first is to find some ways to feed the world’s population so that no one is hungry. The second is to make sure that people everywhere have the right kinds of food to make them grow to be strong and healthy.

61. From the first paragraph we know noodles belong to a kind of _____ food.
- A. vegetable B. fruit C. meat D. cereal
62. According to the scientists, which of the following groups is the healthiest for your lunch?
- A. chicken, apples, cereal, cabbages B. potatoes, rice, bread, carrots
 C. oranges, bananas, fish, tomatoes D. beef, pork, fish, milk
63. People in different places of the world _____.
- A. have the right kinds of food to eat B. cook their food in the same way
 C. have their meals at the same time D. eat food in different ways
64. Which of the following is NOT true?
- A. People in some places don’t have enough to eat.
 B. There are too many people in the world.
 C. One of the problems is that no one is hungry.
 D. The scientists are trying to make people grow to be strong and healthy.

65. If there is Paragraph 4, what do you think is going to be talked about?

- A. When people eat their meals.
- B. What to do with the two problems.
- C. How to cook food in different ways.
- D. Why people in different places eat different kinds of food.

第三节： 阅读下面短文， 按要求补全表格。（5分）



Do you need useful and interesting books? Here we have got some for you.

Best learners

This book can give you the answers to the questions most often asked by parents, teachers and students themselves. Read this book and learn:

- What the three difficulties in study are and what to do with them.
- What to do if you don't take an interest in a subject you are studying.
- Twenty-six simple exercises to help you study easily and fast.

You will get more from this book. For younger students, you can buy *Learn to Study for Beginners*. It is easier to understand.

How to keep pets

A pet can be our best friend. Do you have pets in your house? Are they in good shape? This book not only offers you many colorful pictures of lovely pets, but also provides you with the knowledge about:

- How to choose right pets for yourself.
- How to build houses or nests for your pets.
- How to feed the pets and how to keep them clean.

Buy this book and you will learn more.

We have many other books on sale. For more information enter www.knowbetter.com. If you buy two or more books at a time, you will get 10% off.

Best learners	What're the three difficulties in study and how to (66) _____ with them.
	What if you aren't (67) _____ in a subject you are studying.
	If you finish the 26 simple exercises , you can study easily and fast.
How to keep pets	You should choose the pets you like.
	You'd better build houses or nests for them.
	In order to make your pets (68) _____, you should feed them and keep them clean.
The book ,(69) _____, is better for younger students to read.	
If you (70) _____ more information, you can go to our website.	

第四节： 任务型阅读。 阅读短文， 根据其内容， 完成下列任务。（10分）

Andy was still traveling in Spain when he realized he had to confirm (确认) his ① home with the airline company. He was visiting Spain in order to improve his Spanish. When he was speaking to people face to face, he had no difficulty understanding what they said. However, when he was speaking on the phone, he still had a problem. Andy called the airline. And the clerk confirmed that his plane was leaving at nine o'clock three days from that day. She also told Andy to be at the airport a little earlier in order to check in his luggage and get a seat.

Since he was leaving in three days, Andy didn't lose any time. He visited as many places as he could. He thought that it would probably be a while before he had enough money again. He wished he could come back and spend a year in Spain.

Too quickly, the final day arrived. Andy left early for the airport before take-off. He hated to rush. When he went to the clerk to show his ticket, the clerk looked at the ticket in surprise, "Why, sir, but your flight was at nine o'clock in the morning, and now it is eight in the evening." "But I confirmed my flight," insisted Andy. "Will I have to pay for another ticket?" "No, Sir. However, the next flight out will be three days from now."

Andy's ② of shock turned to smile as he realized that now he could go on with his vacation.

任务一：请根据短文内容，分别写出①、②处所缺单词。（每空限填一词）

71. ① _____ ② _____

任务二：根据短文内容补全句子。（每空限填一词）

72. (A) He visited as many places as _____.

(B) From the passage we know Andy could _____ his holiday.

任务三：请把上文中画线的句子翻译成汉语。

73. _____

任务四：请根据短文内容回答下列问题。

74. Why did the clerk tell Andy to be at the airport a little earlier?

75. How long was Andy late for the plane that day?

第四部分 语言综合运用（两道大题，共 30 分）

V. 词语运用（本题两节，共 15 分）

第一节：选择单词或词组，用其适当的形式填空，使句子意思正确，通顺。（每词限用一次，其中两词多余）（5 分）

weekend; enjoy oneself; worry; wait for; good; wood; practice

76. I'm no more a child, don't _____ about my health.

77. I'll try my _____ to make progress.

78. They haven't _____ so much for a long time.

79. Grace was _____ you when I came here minutes ago.

80. Remember to put what we have learnt into _____.

第二节：根据下列句子的汉语意思及英文提示完成句子。每空字数不限。（10 分）

81. 你介意在我出差时照顾一下我的园子吗？

Would you mind _____ my garden when I am on business?

82. 南茜非常喜欢这首歌，她经常随着它跳舞。

Nancy loves the song very much, she often _____ it.

83. 昨天直到雨停了学生们才离开公园。

The students _____ the rain stopped yesterday.

84. 现在他渐渐习惯了在国外生活。

Now, he is getting _____ abroad.

85. 中国最大的城市上海是最有活力的地方之一。

Shanghai, the biggest city in China, is one of _____.

VI. 初级写作（共 15 分）

安全对每个人都很重要。请根据以下信息内容提示，写一篇关于校园安全的英语小短文。

- 提示： 1. 体育锻炼
2. 上下楼梯

3. 交朋友
4. 食品卫生

- 要求:
1. 语句通顺, 表达准确, 内容连贯;
 2. 短文可以适当发挥; 但要包含以上要点。
 3. 词数: 80—100 词。短文开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

Safety has become the focus to us all. How to be safe at school is especially important to us students. _____

中考英语听力材料

这是 2013 年十堰市初中毕业生学业考试英语科听力部分。该部分分为四节。注意回答听力部分时, 请先将答案标在试卷上。听力部分结束前, 你将有两分钟的时间将你的答案转涂在客观题答题卡上。

现在是听力试音时间。试音过程中, 如遇播音效果不好, 考生可举手向监考员反映, 以便采取相应措施。

现在开始中文试音。(1 分钟左右)

现在开始英文试音。(1 分钟左右)

试音到此结束(5 秒停顿)

听力考试正式开始。请看听力部分第一节。

第一节: 请听 5 段小对话及对话后的问题, 选择能正确回答所提问题的图画选项。听完每段对话及所提问题后, 你都有 5 秒的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话及对话后的问题均读两遍。

1) W: What's your favorite animal, Mike?

M: I like pandas best. It's very cute.

Q: What's Mike's favorite animal?

2) W: What are you going to do this afternoon, John?

M: I want to visit my grandparents and I'll buy them some bananas.

Q: What is John going to buy for his grandparents?

3) W: You went to the post office yesterday, didn't you?

M: Yes, I bought two books and then went there to post them to my sister.

Q: Where probably did the man buy the books?

4) M: Where is Liu Mei? I haven't seen her for a long time.

W: She's gone to Canada with her parents.

Q: Where is Liu Mei now?

5) M: Is Miss Wang's telephone number 5711450?

W: Oh, no. Her telephone number is 6711456.

Q: What's Miss Wang's telephone number?

第二节：请听 4 段大对话，并按要求作答。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每
小题 5 秒钟，听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话均读两遍。

听第一段大对话，回答第 6 和第 7 小题。

M: Hey, Helen. Why aren't you ready? It's almost 7 o'clock!

W: I'm sorry, Paul. I'm not going. I have to study.

M: But you can study later. Don't you want to go?

W: No, not really. I don't like dinner parties.

M: But what can I tell the Browns?

W: Tell them I'm sick.

听第二段大对话，回答第 8 和第 9 小题。

W: Hi! Marco. Where were you yesterday afternoon?

M: I went fishing in the river.

W: With whom? Your brother Steve?

M: No. Steve was busy with his final preparation. He came top last term. So he wants
to make it again.

W: Good for him! Does he still want to study at Cambridge?

M: He has changed his mind. Now he is trying to learn business in Harvard.

听第三段大对话，回答第 10~12 小题。

M: Kate, how do you like this dress? It looks perfect.

W: Come on, Peter, isn't that color too bright for me?

M: Then how about this one?

W: Oh, I'm afraid this color is too light. It easily gets dirty.

M: Well, well, Kate, you're being difficult.

W: What would you say if I buy this one?

M: Very nice. Try it on. Now you look quite good.

W: Let's see if there's a larger size.

M: Why don't we go and ask that saleslady over there. I think she can help us.

听第四段大对话，回答第 13~15 小题

W: You look sad. What's eating you?

M: Lily was angry with me a lot.

W: Sorry to hear that. But what for?

M: I came home very late last night. I met an old friend of mine.

W: Didn't you tell her about that?

M: Yes, I did. But she just wouldn't listen to me. She said that she hated
my coming back home late.

W: Then, you should have a heart to heart talk with her.

M: But she just wants me to come back home before seven.

第三节：请听一段短文，并根据其内容，选择正确答案。听短文前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟，听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。短文读两遍。

It's reported that not getting enough sleep can cause problems in a student's life. Many students fall asleep at school or while doing their homework. So they get lower grades than those who get enough sleep. Many scientists suggest middle school students should have about 9 hours' sleep a night. As for the students who feel nervous and forgetful, most of them don't get enough sleep at night.

Why aren't students getting enough sleep?

Most students have one of the following things: too much homework, a mobile phone, or a computer in their bedrooms. As a result, many students can't fall sleep before 11:00 p.m. But they have to get up early for school the next day.

第四节：任务型听力。请听一段材料，并根据其内容完成信息记录表。听材料前，你将有 15 秒时间阅读图表，听完后，将给出 15 秒钟的作答时间。材料读两遍。

Sally is a waitress in a restaurant. She is always very careful. She has never been late once. In fact, she sometimes has to go home late because of extra work in the restaurant. But things don't always go well all the time.

One morning, Sally missed the bus and arrived late for work. The manager is usually pleased with everything. But that morning he wasn't. When she put away her hand bag, she went up to the manager and said, "Am I always late? During the past two years I have never once been late. You know that. Why are you shouting at me when this is the first time I am late?"

"I am sorry. I know you've always been on time. And you know I don't always shout at late-comers, but this morning I just don't feel good. I am sorry."

十堰市 2013 年初中毕业生学业考试

英语试题参考答案

一、听力测试（共 25 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 25 分）

1—5 ACBCB 6—10 CBCAC 11—15 BACBA 16—20 CCBBC

21. restaurant 22. go home 23. missed 24. arrived 25. feel good

二、选择填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

26—30 BDDCB 31—35 ACDAB 36—40 DCBBC

三、完形填空（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

41—45 CBADC 46—50 DCBAA 51—55 BDABD

四、阅读理解（共 35 小题）

56—60 CABBD 61—65 DADCB

66. deal 67. interested 68. healthy / keep / stay healthy... ..

69. “Learn to Study for Beginners” 70. need / want to get / ask for

71. ① flight ② look / expression 72. ① possible ② continue

73. 当他与别人当面交流时，他能理解别人的话。

74. to check in his luggage and get a seat.

75. (about) 11 hours.

五. 词句运用

76. worry 77. best 78. enjoyed themselves 79. waiting for 80. practice

81. looking after / taking care of / caring for / watching 82. dances to

83. didn't leave the park until / before 84. used to living 85. the

liveliest places

六、书面表达（满分 15 分）

初级写作范文：

Safety has become the focus to us all. How to be safe at school is especially important to us students. First, we should take care not to get ourselves injured while we are having sports. Second, There are too many students at school, and our hallways are too narrow. So don't crowd with each other especially when we go upstairs or downstairs. Or there may be an accident. Besides, we should be friendly and get on well with others, don't quarrel or even fight. Last but not least , We should be careful to eat healthy food and keep away from junk food, which is harmful to our health.

In a word, it's important to remember these for us all.

评 分 标 准

- (1) 1—55 小题，每小题 1 分，与本答案不符的不给分。其中 21—25 小题，单词大小写有误不扣分；
- (2) 56--65 小题，每小题 2 分，与本答案不符的不给分；
- (3) 66--70 小题，每小题 1 分，与本答案相符，可给满分。如有其它表述符合试题要求，经商定后可以给分；
- (4) 71--75 小题，每小题 2 分；
71--72 小题，按空给分，每空 1 分。与本答案相符，可给满分。除上述答案外，如有其它答案，符合试题要求，确实正确，经商定后可以给分。单词大小写有误不扣分；
73—75 小题，与本答案相符可给满分。如有其它表述符合试题要求，经商定后可以给分。
- (5) 76--80 小题，按空给分，每空 1 分。与本答案相符，可给满分。如有其它答案，未改变句意，符合试题要求，确实正确，经商定后可以给分。
- (6) 81--85 小题，每题 2 分。与本答案相符可给满分。如有其它表述符合试题要求，经商定后可以给分。
- (7) 第 VI 初级写作评分细则：

一、评分原则：

1. 本小题总分为 15 分，按 6 个档次给分。
2. 评分时，先根据短文的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次，然后以该档次的要求来衡量，确定或调整档次，最后给分。
3. 总词数少于试题要求所规定的，从总分中减去 2 分。超过规定总词数的，不扣分；如果书写太差，格式，标点符号错误太多，以至于影响阅卷的，降低档次给分。
4. 句子的整体结构，时态，语态用法错误的每项各扣 1 分。不重复扣分；单词拼写，标点符号和大小写满 4 个扣 1 分。不重复扣分；
5. 评分时，应注意的主要内容为：内容要点、应用词汇和语法结构的数量和准确性，上下文的连贯性及语言的得体性。
6. 除所给范文外，其它所接受的正确表达均予给分。对紧扣主题的适当发挥不予扣分。
7. 对完成了试题所规定的全部任务，语言得体，地道的初级写作，可给满分。

二、评分档次：

- 第一档：(14--15 分)短文包括所给绝大部分信息，写出的句子表达意义清楚且基本无错误，单词拼写基本正确。
- 第二档：(10-13 分)短文包括所给大部分信息，语句较流畅，写出的句子能表达意思且无严重错误，单词有少数几个拼写错误。
- 第三档：(7-9 分)短文包括大部分信息，写出的句子虽然有语法错误，但能表达基本意思，有较多的单词拼写错误。
- 第四档：(4-6 分)短文包括部分信息，写出的句子有严重语法错误，表达的意思也不清楚，有较多的单词拼写错误。
- 第五档：(1-3 分)基本或完全没写出内容要点；只写出少数单词，词组或短语；词汇或单词拼写错误较多，不知所云。
- 第六档：(0 分)写的内容无法辨认；未能传达给任何有关信息或抄袭试卷中无关内容