

# 英语试题



温馨提示:

1. 本试卷分第Ⅰ卷和第Ⅱ卷两部分。第Ⅰ卷1—8页为选择题,共75分;第Ⅱ卷9—12页为非选择题,共45分。满分为120分,考试时间为120分钟。

2. 答第Ⅰ卷前务必将自己的姓名、考号、考试科目、试卷类型涂写在答题卡上。考试结束,试题和答题卡一并上交。

3. 第Ⅰ卷每题选出答案后,请用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号(ABCD)涂黑,如需改动,先用橡皮擦干净,再改涂其他答案。

## 第Ⅰ卷(选择题 共75分)

一、听力选择(共20小题,计20分。每小题约有8秒钟的答题时间。)

(一)录音中有五个句子,听句子两遍后,从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能对每个句子做出适当反应的答语。

- |                                        |                                       |                                        |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 1. A. This is Betty speaking.          | B. Hold on, please.                   | C. I'm Betty.                          |
| 2. A. When the traffic lights are red. | B. When the traffic lights are green. | C. When the traffic lights are yellow. |
| 3. A. Never mind.                      | B. No, thanks.                        | C. Sorry, I'm new here.                |
| 4. A. Thank you.                       | B. Not at all.                        | C. Don't say so.                       |
| 5. A. It's blue.                       | B. It's sunny.                        | C. It's Sunday.                        |

(二)录音中有五组对话和五个问题,听对话和问题两遍后,从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

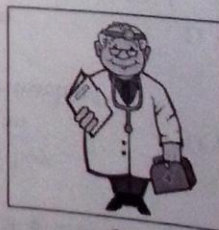
6. What does the boy's father do?



A

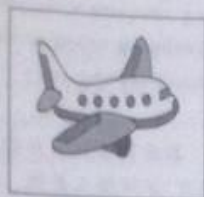


B



C

7. How will Nick go to school today?



A



B



C

8. What does the boy's brother look like?

A. Thin and short.

B. Thin and tall.

C. Fat and short.

9. What will the woman buy her sister?

A. A camera.

B. A scarf.

C. A car.

10. How often does Jack play basketball?

A. Twice a week.

B. Three times a week.

C. Four times a week.

(三) 录音中有一段对话和五个问题, 听对话和问题两遍后, 从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

11. How long did the girl stay in Beijing?

A. For five days.

B. For a week.

C. For ten days.

12. Who did Li Lei go to Qingdao with?

A. His aunt.

B. His parents.

C. His sister.

13. What does Li Lei think of Qingdao?

A. It's very dirty.

B. It's very beautiful.

C. It's just so-so.

14. What place didn't the girl mention in Beijing?

A. Beihai Park.

B. The Summer Palace.

C. Tian'an Men Square.

15. Which university does the girl want to go to?

A. Qingdao University.

B. Tsinghua University.

C. Peking University.

(四) 录音中有一篇短文和五个问题, 听短文和问题两遍后, 从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

16. Were Tom and Mike brothers?

A. Yes, they were.

B. No, they weren't.

C. I don't know.

17. Where were they talking?

A. In a shop.

B. In a school.

C. In a restaurant.

18. How many apples did the waiter bring?

A. One.

B. Two.

C. Three.

19. When did the story happen?

A. In the evening.

B. In the morning.

C. At noon.

20. Who had the bigger apple in the end?

A. Mike.

B. Tom.

C. The waiter.

二、选择填空(共 15 小题, 计 15 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

21. —Look! Who's \_\_\_\_\_ boy over there?  
—Oh, he is my cousin, Bob. He is \_\_\_\_\_ honest boy.  
A. a; the                      B. the; a                      C. the; an                      D. a; an
22. —Do you know the girl \_\_\_\_\_ is talking with our teacher?  
—Oh, she's my sister.  
A. who                      B. whose                      C. whom                      D. where
23. A ship from South Korea sank into the sea \_\_\_\_\_ April 16, 2014.  
A. in                      B. on                      C. at                      D. for
24. —Excuse me, would you please speak a little more \_\_\_\_\_?  
—Sorry, I thought you could follow me.  
A. sadly                      B. quickly                      C. politely                      D. slowly
25. Excuse me, can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. when does the plane leave                      B. how long the plane has left  
C. when the plane leaves                      D. when did the plane leave
26. —Tom, are you \_\_\_\_\_ boy in your class?  
—No, but John is. I'm shorter than him.  
A. the tallest                      B. the shortest                      C. the youngest                      D. the oldest
27. —\_\_\_\_\_ interesting the film is!  
—Yes, I have seen it twice.  
A. What                      B. How                      C. What an                      D. How an
28. —Must we take out the trash now?  
—\_\_\_\_\_. You can do it after class.  
A. Yes, you must                      B. No, you can't                      C. Yes, you may                      D. No, you needn't
29. —Do you know if he will come tomorrow?  
—No. But if he \_\_\_\_\_, I'll call you to have a meal together.  
A. will come                      B. won't come                      C. comes                      D. doesn't come
30. —It will be my turn. I feel a little nervous.  
—\_\_\_\_\_ You can make it!  
A. Congratulations!                      B. Take it easy.  
C. Look out.                      D. Have a good time.
31. The teacher asked me to read aloud \_\_\_\_\_ all the students could hear me.  
A. so that                      B. for                      C. because                      D. in order to
32. —Jim isn't in the classroom. Where is he now?  
—He \_\_\_\_\_ the library.  
A. will go to                      B. has been to                      C. has gone to                      D. goes to
33. Smoking is bad for your health. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. set it up                      B. give it up                      C. pick it up                      D. look it up
34. —How do you like the two pairs of shorts?  
—They don't fit me well. They are \_\_\_\_\_ too long \_\_\_\_\_ too short.  
A. not only; but also                      B. both; and  
C. neither; nor                      D. either; or

35. The song *I Believe I Can Fly* tells us that believing in \_\_\_\_\_ is very important.  
A. themselves B. itself C. ourselves D. yourselves

三、完形填空(共10小题,计10分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出一个能填入文中相应空白处的最佳答案。



Malaysia Airlines (马航) flight MH370 disappeared from radar (雷达) screens an hour after it took off on March 8. It has \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ for more than 3 months.

The plane may fall into the sea. China, Malaysia and many other countries have joined to search the \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ on the sea. The relatives of the 227 passengers and 12 crew (乘务人员) are \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ good news from them.

How did the accident \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_? It is said that the plane was attacked (攻击) by the terrorists. Some think there may be something wrong with the plane, and others think the accident may be \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_ by the mistake of the crew. However it is \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ to tell the reason because the plane hasn't been found yet.

It may \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_ some time to find the missing plane and even more time to get to know the truth of what happened. However, we can't stop imagining what happened to the plane \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_ it is found.

Whether the missing plane is found \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_ not, the whole world should pay more attention to the safety of people, especially at airports.

We hope these people on the plane will be \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_, and they can get together with their family members.

- |                      |                |                 |               |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 36. A. found         | B. seen        | C. flown        | D. missed     |
| 37. A. plane         | B. terrorists  | C. ship         | D. Chinese    |
| 38. A. talking about | B. waiting for | C. listening to | D. hearing    |
| 39. A. take          | B. happen      | C. come         | D. go         |
| 40. A. given         | B. met         | C. caused       | D. tried      |
| 41. A. hard          | B. easy        | C. wise         | D. true       |
| 42. A. spend         | B. take        | C. get          | D. waste      |
| 43. A. before        | B. after       | C. until        | D. as soon as |
| 44. A. nor           | B. so          | C. and          | D. or         |
| 45. A. dangerous     | B. safe        | C. friendly     | D. bad        |

四、阅读理解(共20小题,计30分)

阅读下面短文,从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出能正确回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

A

Last Sunday evening my parents went out for a walk with my sister. But I studied alone at home because I would have an English test. Suddenly, I saw bright light in my neighbor's kitchen. I thought he was cooking so I went on studying.

Soon, there was a terrible smell in the air and I thought something was wrong. I went out and saw fire coming out of my neighbor's kitchen. So I shouted "Fire, Fire!" But no one heard or came out.

I ran quickly into my house to call 119, and then I rang my neighbor's doorbell, knocked at the door, but there was no response. I got into the house through the window and found my neighbor sleeping in his bedroom. I woke him up and we rushed out of the house together.

We tried our best to pour water through the kitchen window, but the fire was too heavy. Luckily, the firemen came and put out the fire quickly. When my parents came back, they found I was dirty and tired. After my neighbor told them the whole story, they were happy and said I was a brave boy.

46. The underlined word "response" can be replaced (代替) by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. result                      B. answer                      C. question                      D. key
47. Why didn't the writer go out for a walk with his parents?  
 A. Because his parents only liked his sister.  
 B. Because he would have an English class.  
 C. Because he had to study for an English test.  
 D. Because there was a fire in his neighbor's kitchen.
48. Who put out the fire at last?  
 A. The writer.                                              B. The writer's parents.  
 C. The writer's neighbor.                                              D. The firemen.
49. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?  
 A. The writer's neighbor was sleeping when the fire started.  
 B. No one helped the writer's neighbor put out the fire.  
 C. The fire happened last Friday evening.  
 D. The writer's parents were angry when they knew what had happened.
50. What's the passage mainly about?  
 A. How to put out a fire.                                              B. My neighbor was a brave man.  
 C. I saved my neighbor from the fire.                                              D. I studied for a test at home.

**B**



Since last year, *Where Are We Going, Dad?* has become one of the most popular TV shows. On the show, the five fathers and their children traveled around China, riding camels through the western deserts, fishing on the east coast, and selling vegetables for their bus fare (费用) home in southwestern Yunnan province.

One dad doesn't know how to do his daughter's hair, so some people try to help him. Another one must survive (生存) with his son for three days in the desert, because the father can't cook, they only eat instant noodles (方便面).

Why is *Where Are We Going, Dad?* so popular? Because it is about how Chinese parents look after their kids. The show makes modern parents think about what they should do with their kids. "In traditional Chinese culture, the father is strict and the mother is kind. But on the show, we see fathers who are much gentler on their kids and more involved (参与) in their upbringing (成长)." said Li Minyi, a professor of early childhood education.

In the past, children were taught to obey their parents' wishes and look after them in their old age. But today Chinese parents increasingly realize that respecting their children's choices may be a better way to prepare them for modern society. As they raise their children, parents are growing up at the same time.

51. According to the passage, what didn't the fathers and their children do on the show?
  - A. Rode camels.
  - B. Sold vegetables.
  - C. Climbed the mountains.
  - D. Fished on the east coast.
52. One father and his son only eat instant noodles because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. there aren't any vegetables in the desert
  - B. the father can't cook
  - C. they think instant noodles are the most delicious
  - D. they have no money to buy something to eat
53. In the fourth paragraph, the underlined word "them" refers to (指的是) \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. modern parents
  - B. the five fathers on the show
  - C. the parents in the past
  - D. the children in the old days
54. Why is *Where Are We Going, Dad?* so popular?
  - A. Because it's about how Chinese parents raise their children.
  - B. Because there are many famous stars on the show.
  - C. Because it's about how to help the poor.
  - D. Because it's about how to sell vegetables.
55. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
  - A. Fathers are much gentler on their kids on the show.
  - B. Children were told to obey their parents' wishes in the past.
  - C. Parents can also learn something when they raise their children.
  - D. In traditional Chinese culture, parents are both strict with their kids.

C

#### **Trip 1 One Week In The Mountains**

Bring your strong shoes and warm clothes for this walk in a beautiful area of the Green Mountains. You may go hiking or have a try of rock climbing. This is also a protection area for wild animals. You can find many kinds of animals in this area.

Time: July 8—July 14      Tel: 84639818  
 Adult: \$ 110      Child: \$ 55

**Trip 2 Three Days In The Country**

There are many beautiful gardens. Take your camera and enjoy the wonderful sights in Hunter Valley. It is a good place for fishing and horse riding. You can also find different kinds of flowers here. This is also a great walk for bird-lovers.

Time: July 20—July 22      Tel: 83986432

Adult: \$ 50      Child: \$ 25

**Trip 3 Flashlight (手电筒) Adventure (冒险)**

Put on your warm clothes, bring a flashlight and come for a night walk along the Dungog Valley. It is a trip full of adventure. A guide will lead the tour. Many of the plants on this trip can only be seen at night.

Time: July 16—July 18      Tel: 83875629

Adult: \$ 30      Not for children

**Trip 4 Five Days By The Sea**

Wear your sun hat and enjoy wonderful sunshine all the time from morning to evening. Our hotel is next to the sea. We have our own boats, too. You can swim in the sea or in the swimming pool. Every day our boat will take you to different places for swimming.

Time: July 13—July 17      Tel: 87549679

Adult: \$ 80      Child: \$ 40

56. What number can you call if you want to enjoy the sunshine at the seaside?  
A. 87549679.      B. 83875629.      C. 84639818.      D. 83986432.
57. Sam stayed in Hunter Valley with his wife, his five-year-old daughter. How much did it cost?  
A. \$ 25.      B. \$ 50.      C. \$ 100.      D. \$ 125.
58. David loves sports. He will take his holiday from July 7 to July 15. What activity will he probably take part in?  
A. Hiking in the mountains.      B. Watching plants at night.  
C. Fishing in the country.      D. Swimming in the sea.
59. Lucy wants to know something about the life of plants at night. Which trip will she choose?  
A. Trip 1.      B. Trip 2.      C. Trip 3.      D. Trip 4.
60. Which of the following is NOT mentioned according to the four advertisements?



A



B



C



D

What do you think of a "talking kitchen"? A French Digital Kitchen has been developed at Newcastle University in the UK. It teaches students how to cook French food and speak French at the same time. For the first time, students can learn a language by the following cooking steps.

All grammar and  have been carefully chosen to make sure the users can understand French well. After learning for some time, the users can test themselves by doing a short test on the computer.



The kitchen project was started by Professor Paul Seedhouse. He became interested in the idea after he visited another kind of talking kitchen. He said, "The purpose of the French Digital Kitchen is to make learning a language more interesting and more educational".

How does the kitchen work? There is a computer in the kitchen. With this computer, the users can first choose a French recipe that they want to follow. Using information in the computer, the kitchen starts to guide the users how to make a French dish. If you follow the instructions on the computer, it moves on to the next. If you go wrong, the program goes back and repeats the recipe or information. At any time, the users can also ask the kitchen to repeat the recipe or any information.

The new kitchen can be used in schools, universities and even people's homes. The researchers will also be developing the European Digital Kitchen, for the next three years.

61. After reading the passage, we know the Digital Kitchen \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. is a "talking kitchen"                      B. teaches students English  
C. was developed in France                      D. cooks all food for people

62. Which of the following can be properly put in  ?

- A. food                      B. vocabulary                      C. recipe                      D. instructions

63. Paragraph 3 mainly tells us that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. how the kitchen works                      B. where the kitchen can be used  
C. when the kitchen can be bought                      D. why the kitchen project was started

64. If the users don't follow the instructions on the computer, the kitchen \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. chooses another recipe                      B. goes on to the next step  
C. repeats the recipe or information                      D. stops working at once

65. The passage is written to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. show you how computer works  
B. introduce a French Digital Kitchen  
C. teach you how to cook French food  
D. tell you the importance of language learning

滨州市二〇一四年初中学业考试

英语试题

第Ⅱ卷(非选择题 共45分)



注意事项:

1. 第Ⅱ卷共4页,请用蓝色或黑色钢笔、圆珠笔直接答在试卷上。
2. 答卷前将密封线内的项目填写清楚,并将座号填写在右下角的座号栏内。

| 得分 | 评卷人 |
|----|-----|
|    |     |

五、单词拼写(共10小题,计10分)

根据句意及汉语提示,填写句中所缺的单词。

66. There are nearly four \_\_\_\_\_ (百) students in our grade.
67. Excuse me, do you have a \_\_\_\_\_ (字典) in your school bag?
68. The baby is so young that he can \_\_\_\_\_ (几乎不) dress himself.
69. This toy isn't Kate's. \_\_\_\_\_ (她的) is on the bed.
70. December is the \_\_\_\_\_ (第十二) month of the year.
71. My daughter \_\_\_\_\_ (更喜欢) drawing to singing.
72. Mary has curly hair and she is of medium \_\_\_\_\_ (高度).
73. The restaurant is \_\_\_\_\_ (在……后面) the bookstore.
74. The \_\_\_\_\_ (医学的) level in the city is better than that in the countryside.
75. The second Sunday in May is \_\_\_\_\_ (母亲节) Day.

| 得分 | 评卷人 |
|----|-----|
|    |     |

六、动词应用(共10小题,计10分)

阅读下面短文,用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空,必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

Henry works in a factory. He comes from a poor family and was in school for only four years. He has to do the hard work, but he (76) \_\_\_\_\_ (pay) less. He (77) \_\_\_\_\_ (like) to watch football matches very much and spends much time on them.

One day there was a big football match on the playground. He (78) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (borrow) some money from his friend and hurried there. There (79) \_\_\_\_\_  
 (be) a lot of people there. And all the tickets (80) \_\_\_\_\_ (sell) out. He  
 was sorry for it. He saw a pole (杆子) outside the playground and climbed it quickly.  
 While he (81) \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) the match, a policeman came and said, "It is  
 dangerous (82) \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) on it! Come down!"

"Wait a minute, please!" Henry said and just at that moment, the policeman heard  
 cheers on the playground and asked in a hurry, "Which team has kicked a goal (进球)?"  
 "Ours!" "Wonderful! I believe our team (83) \_\_\_\_\_ (kick) another goal  
 soon. You (84) \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) there. But take care!" The policeman said  
 happily and left. When the match would be soon over, he came back again and asked,  
 "Who has won?" "Theirs, 3:2." "Come down," the policeman said angrily. "Such a  
 match is not worth watching!"

Henry had to come down. But soon they heard cheers again. The policeman said in a  
 hurry, "Climb up quickly and see who (85) \_\_\_\_\_ (kick) a goal."

|     |     |
|-----|-----|
| 得 分 | 评卷人 |
|     |     |

七、英汉互译(共5小题,计5分)

将下列英语句子译成汉语,汉语句子译成英语。

86. Don't park your car here, or it will be moved away.

87. Her mother bought her a computer last week.

88. 昨天我邀请他和我一起吃晚餐。(invite, dinner)

89. 学生们都盼望过一个轻松的假期。(look forward to)

90. 我爸爸过去常常开车上班,现在坐公交车了。(used to do something)

计  
分  
栏

|     |   |   |   |   |   |     |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| 题 号 | 五 | 六 | 七 | 八 | 九 | 总 分 |
| 得 分 |   |   |   |   |   |     |

座 号

| 得分 | 评卷人 |
|----|-----|
|    |     |

#### 八、任务型阅读(共5小题,计5分)

阅读短文,根据要求完成下面各小题。



When the teacher asks a question in class, Wang Xiaobin never raises his hand and this situation is very common at middle schools. This 15-year-old boy always waits for other classmates or the teacher to give the answer. "What if my answer is wrong?" Wang asks.

Wang said only six or seven students in his class raise their hands when a question is asked. (93) "I think it's a problem that may affect (影响) our studies, but I am afraid of making mistakes in front of my classmates." he said.

When we asked the teacher, Hu Wei why the students didn't raise their hands, he said: "They lack (缺乏) of confidence, they are afraid of showing off, or they're afraid of losing face by giving wrong answers."

To encourage students to raise their hands in class, Hu suggests that teachers should repeat the question, then try to guide and encourage students to offer their answers. (94) Hu also advised students not to be shy, but brave enough to try.

Sun Pin, 16 of Fujian, always raises her hand as soon as she comes up with the answer, even if she isn't sure she has gotten it right. Sun can't understand why some of her classmates keep silent in class. She enjoys raising her hand a lot. "It keeps me enthusiastic (热情的) and confident to express my idea," Sun said. "Raising my hand has really made me excellent".

任务一:根据短文内容简要回答问题。

91. Does Wang Xiaobin raise his hand when the teacher asks a question in class?

92. Why don't students raise their hands? (3 possible reasons)

任务二:将短文中划线的句子译成汉语。

93.

94.

任务三:给短文拟一个适当的标题。

95.



## 英语试题(A)参考答案及评分说明

### 第 I 卷 (选择题 共 75 分)

第一至四题(75 分)

(一)答案:

|             |             |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1-5 ABCAB   | 6-10 CBAAC  | 11-15 ACBAC | 16-20 BCBCA |
| 21-25 CABDC | 26-30 ABDCB | 31-35 ACBDC | 36-40 DABBC |
| 41-45 ABCDB | 46-50 BCDAC | 51-55 CBCAD | 56-60 ADACB |
| 61-65 ABDCB |             |             |             |

(二)评分说明:

1-45 题,每小题 1 分;46-65 题,每小题 1.5 分;与答案不符不得分。

### 第 II 卷 (非选择题 共 45 分)

五、单词拼写(10 分)

(一)答案:

|             |                |            |             |              |
|-------------|----------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| 66. hundred | 67. dictionary | 68. hardly | 69. Hers    | 70. twelfth  |
| 71. prefers | 72. height     | 73. behind | 74. medical | 75. Mother's |

(二)评分说明:

1. 本题共 10 分,每小题 1 分;

2. 与答案不符,但只要符合题意也可得分。大小写错误每两处扣 0.5 分。

六、动词应用(10 分)

(一)答案:

76. is paid 77. likes 78. borrowed 79. were 80. were sold/have been sold  
81. was watching 82. to stay 83. will kick 84. can/may stay 85. has kicked/kicked

(二)评分说明:

1. 本题共 10 分,每小题 1 分;

2. 未用所给动词者不得分。与答案不符,但只要形式正确,符合题意也可得分。大小写错误每两处扣 0.5 分。

七、英汉互译(5 分)

(一)答案:

86. 此处禁止停车,否则被拖走。

87. 她妈妈上周给她买了台电脑。

88. I invited him to have dinner with me yesterday.

89. The students are looking forward to (having) a relaxing holiday.

90. My father used to drive to work, but now he takes the bus.

(二)评分说明:

1. 本题共 5 分, 每小题 1 分;

2. 虽然与答案表达方式不同, 但与参考答案意思一致, 无语言错误, 也可酌情给分。单词拼写错误每两处扣 0.5 分。

八、任务型阅读(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

(一)答案:

91. No, he doesn't.

92. Because they lack of confidence, they are afraid of showing off, or they're afraid of losing face by giving wrong answers.

93. 我想这确是个可能会影响我们学习的问题, 但我害怕在同学们面前出错。

94. 胡老师还建议同学们不要害羞, 要勇敢地尝试。

95. Hands up, please. / Raise(Put up) your hand(s).

(二)评分说明:

1. 本题共 5 分, 每小题 1 分;

2. 虽然与答案表达方式不同, 但与参考答案意思一致, 无语言错误, 也可酌情给分。单词拼写错误每两处扣 0.5 分。

九、书面表达(15 分)

(一)One possible version:

#### How to protect ourselves

How to protect ourselves is especially important to us students.

Firstly, don't take restricted knives to school. They might hurt our classmates or ourselves. Secondly, there are too many students at school, and our hallways are too narrow. So don't crowd with each other especially when we go upstairs or downstairs. Or there may be an accident. Thirdly, we should eat more healthy food and we'd better keep away from junk food. At last, we must pay attention to the traffic. Remember to call the police for help when we have an emergency.

It's our duty to protect ourselves. Let's start from today.

(二)评分说明:

要求考生用适当的时态、语态、句式和词语, 完整准确地表达所提示的内容, 书写工整。本题共 15 分, 分四档评分:

1. 短文通顺完整, 表达清楚, 语言基本无误, 13—15 分;

2. 短文较通顺完整, 表达基本清楚, 语言有少量错误, 10—12 分;

3. 能写明基本要点, 短文不够通顺完整, 语言有较多错误, 但尚能达意, 6—9 分;

4. 仅能写明部分要点, 短文不完整, 语言错误多, 影响意思表达, 0—5 分。

注意:

1. 内容要点可用不同的方式表达;

2. 对紧扣主题适当发挥的应予以鼓励。