

2014 年河北省初中毕业生升学文化课考试

英 语 试 卷

本试卷分卷 I 和卷 II 两部分。卷 I 为选择题, 卷 II 为非选择题。

本试卷满分 120 分, 考试时间 120 分钟。

卷 I (选择题, 共 85 分)

注意事项: 1. 答卷 I 前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号、科目填涂在答题卡上。考试结束, 监考人员将试卷和答题卡一并收回。

2. 答卷 I 时, 每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑, 答在试卷上无效。

3. 听力部分共包括两小节: 第一节在卷 I, 第二节在卷 II。完成第一节后, 请根据录音指令, 在卷 II 完成第二节。

听力部分 (第一节)

I. 听句子, 选出句子中所包含的信息。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

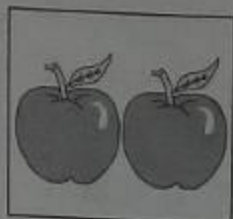
- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. ride | B. lead | C. read |
| 2. A. 7:40 | B. 11:40 | C. 11:50 |
| 3. A. waiting for | B. looking for | C. playing for |
| 4. A. The class will begin soon. | | |
| B. The class has begun already. | | |
| C. The class began a moment ago. | | |
| 5. A. Judy asks a question. | | |
| B. The speaker needs some help. | | |
| C. The math problem is very easy. | | |

II. 听句子, 选出该句的最佳答语。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

- | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| 6. A. The line is busy. | B. Hold on, please. | C. I'll ring her up again. |
| 7. A. I have a fever. | B. Take this medicine. | C. I'm seeing a doctor. |
| 8. A. Just a little. | B. Two yuan a kilo. | C. Some cookies. |
| 9. A. It doesn't matter. | B. It's a pleasure. | C. It's rather serious. |
| 10. A. OK, I will. | B. Yes, please. | C. Sure, you can do it. |

III. 听对话和问题, 选择正确答案。(共 8 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 8 分)

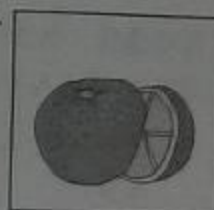
11. A.



B.



C.



12. A.



B.



C.



13. A. Pink.

B. Black.

C. White.

14. A. Cold.

B. Cloudy.

C. Sunny.

15. A. Spring.

B. Winter.

C. Autumn.

16. A. Making a plan.

B. Having a test.

C. Preparing for the exams.

17. A. Tomorrow.

B. In July.

C. Next summer.

18. A. Stay at home.

B. Go to the beach.

C. Do some traveling.

IV. 听短文和问题, 选择正确答案。(共 7 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 7 分)

19. What is the speaker talking about?

A. Keeping a promise.

B. Giving a report.

C. Getting along with others.

20. What should you do before you speak?

A. Have a think.

B. Make a guess.

C. Take a look.

21. How can you make others happy?

A. Trust them.

B. Smile to them.

C. Remember their names.

22. When does the speaker paint?

A. At weekends.

B. On weekdays.

C. In the evening.

23. Why does he like painting?

A. It is relaxing.

B. It is good for health.

C. It is interesting.

24. How does he go fishing?

A. On foot.

B. By bike.

C. By boat.

25. What sometimes happens to him when fishing?

A. Catch no fish.

B. Fall into the river.

C. Pollute the water.

笔试部分

V. 单项选择 (共 20 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 20 分)

选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. Let's take _____ photo! Everyone, cheese!
A. a B. an C. the D. 不填
27. We must protect plants. They are friends of _____.
A. we B. us C. our D. ours
28. You see, Kevin is writing _____ his left hand.
A. at B. as C. for D. with
29. Do you have toys? I'd like to buy _____ for my cousin.
A. it B. one C. this D. that
30. I want a sweet milk. Put some _____ in my cup, please.
A. ice B. soup C. salt D. sugar
31. How _____ Cindy grows! She's almost as tall as her mother now.
A. cute B. strong C. fast D. straight
32. Diana isn't here, _____ leave a message on her desk.
A. or B. so C. and D. but
33. Don't forget _____ thanks when other people help you.
A. accept B. to accept C. say D. to say
34. I _____ follow you. Would you please repeat it?
A. can't B. mustn't C. needn't D. shouldn't
35. Mom is making dinner. It _____ so nice!
A. smells B. tastes C. feels D. sounds
36. Steven, we should _____ the bus at the next stop.
A. get up B. get off C. get to D. get in
37. Someone _____ at the door. Can you open it?
A. knocks B. knocked C. is knocking D. was knocking
38. Eric arrived on time, _____ it was the rush hour.
A. though B. because C. while D. unless
39. I'm busy now. I _____ to you after school this afternoon.
A. talk B. talked C. will talk D. have talked
40. The teacher is already standing here. Do you know when she _____?
A. comes B. came C. is coming D. was coming
41. Water is the cheapest drink. And it's also _____.
A. healthier B. healthiest C. the healthier D. the healthiest

42. Monica, you _____ the exam! Congratulations!
 A. pass B. have passed C. will pass D. are passing
43. The pet dog is warm and loving. It _____ as a daughter of my family.
 A. treats B. treated C. is treated D. was treated
44. I saw Ken in the meeting room, he _____ Joe for the school magazine.
 A. interviews B. interviewed C. has interviewed D. was interviewing
45. I have some tickets for the basketball match. I wonder _____.
 A. where you buy the tickets B. why you like to go there
 C. if you'd like to come along D. when you watch the match

VI. 完形填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Have you ever offered a helping hand to those who are in trouble?

One day, two 46 were walking along the road to school when they saw an old woman carrying a large basket of pears. They thought the woman looked very 47. They went up to her and said, "Are you going to town? If you are, we will help carry your basket."

"Thank you," 48 the woman, "you are very kind. You see I'm weak and ill." Then she told them that she was now going to market to 49 the pears which grew on the only tree in her little garden.

"We are all going to the 50," said the boys. "Let us have the basket." And they took hold of it, one each side. They walked 51 with the heavy basket, but happily.

The other day, I saw a little girl stop and 52 a piece of orange peel (皮), which she threw into the dustbin (垃圾桶), "I wish 53 would throw that on the sidewalk," said she. "Someone may step on it and fall."

Perhaps some may say that these are not 54 things. That is right. But such a little thing shows that you have a thoughtful mind and a feeling heart. We must not wait for the 55 to do great things. We must begin with little things of love.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 46. A. boys | B. girls | C. men | D. women |
| 47. A. bored | B. tired | C. pleased | D. surprised |
| 48. A. asked | B. told | C. replied | D. spoke |
| 49. A. bring | B. buy | C. take | D. sell |
| 50. A. town | B. market | C. garden | D. school |
| 51. A. weakly | B. quickly | C. slowly | D. quietly |
| 52. A. take out | B. cut off | C. put down | D. pick up |
| 53. A. nobody | B. everybody | C. somebody | D. anybody |
| 54. A. little | B. good | C. great | D. bad |
| 55. A. pay | B. time | C. advice | D. love |

VII. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 30 分)

阅读 A、B、C 三篇材料, 然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Tuesday, 1st September

I had mixed feelings today, nervous, worried, happy, excited... My heart went down when Miss Chan, our head teacher, said that Matthew and Beth, two students from England, would spend three months with us! I was worried that I had to speak English so much! But at the end of the school day, I was happier than I thought: the morning with them today was more enjoyable than I expected.

Today is the most unforgettable first day I have had! Matthew is fantastic! His English is clearer and easier to listen to than I thought. The other English student, Beth, is the most helpful girl I've ever met. There were lots of things to do on the first day. Beth offered to help Miss Chan put up all the notices. Of course, some of the credit (功劳) should also go to ME because I translated some of the notices for her. Miss Chan praised us!

We finished all the preparations 10 minutes earlier than expected, then Beth and I talked for a while. Matthew sang several English songs and did some stand-up comedy (单人喜剧表演) at the party. We all praised him. When the bell rang to end the first school day, none of us wanted to leave.

When I went back home, I had a little headache. I have probably spoken more English today than the whole of last year.

It was really a happy day! I hope our friendship can continue, even after they have gone back to England!

56. The writer felt _____ when he heard the news from Miss Chan.

- A. excited B. angry C. fantastic D. worried

57. Beth helped Miss Chan with the _____.

- A. comedy B. speeches C. notices D. translation

58. Matthew _____ at the party.

- A. had a talk B. rang the bell
C. sang several songs D. made a preparation

59. Matthew and Beth _____ on the first day.

- A. spoke much Chinese B. got lots of praise
C. had a little headache D. forgot to leave school

60. From the passage, we know that the writer _____.

- A. caught a bad cold that day
- B. went back home with Beth
- C. expects to travel to England
- D. likes the two English students

B

Let's Explore (探究) The Nature!



Are you interested in animals and nature? Want to enjoy your summer holiday and learn something interesting and useful?

Here comes your CHANCE! Youth Explorer has prepared you with a THREE-DAY SUMMER PROGRAM! You can take part in many hands-on activities and meet with live animals — giraffes, pandas, tigers, and so on! More information about the program is as follows:

Age: Students aged 8~16

Groups: There are 2 programs for you to choose from. Each program needs at most 15 students.

Program A	Program B
Dates: 14~16 July, 2014	Dates: 5~7 August, 2014
Days: Monday to Wednesday	Days: Tuesday to Thursday
Time: 10:00 a.m.~4:00 p.m.	Time: 10:00 a.m.~4:00 p.m.

Program cost: \$230 for members; \$250 for non-members

How to do: Simply come to our centre to get an application form (申请表). Send your completed form on or before 11th July, 2014 (Friday).

Notes:

1. **NO FREE LUNCHESES ARE PROVIDED** because of personal food differences.
You may either bring a lunch-box or pay for lunch at our restaurants.
2. Both programs will start **1 DAY** later if there is a warning of rainstorms.

COME AND JOIN US NOW!! DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE!!



61. _____ can join the three-day summer program.
A. A kid of 7 B. A boy of 14 C. A girl of 17 D. A man of 26
62. If there is a rainstorm on 14th July, program A will start on _____.
A. Sunday B. Monday C. Tuesday D. Wednesday
63. Two members and one non-member should pay _____ for the program.
A. \$690 B. \$710 C. \$730 D. \$750
64. Free lunches aren't provided because _____.
A. the lunches cost too much B. people have different tastes
C. there are many restaurants D. they may bring lunch-boxes
65. What can we know from the passage?
A. Youth Explorer is the name of the program.
B. More than 15 students are in each program.
C. We can see three kinds of animals in the program.
D. You need to hand in an application for the program.

C

Even in early times, people could realize the importance of dreams and knew that dreams gave meaning to life. Every great achievement has been the result of years of dreaming. If a person has a dream and holds fast to it, he or she will find a way to bring it into reality (现实).

Children do not have much experience or knowledge. However, they are natural dreamers. We should not laugh at them for being naïve. With their rich imagination, they will come up with fantastic dreams. History is full of examples. Many great men were dreamers when they were children. One such dreamer was Thomas Edison. He used to be ostracized (排斥) when he was in primary school, but his achievements were greater than everyone else's in his time.

Teenagers and young people should also be encouraged to dream. The world is full of successful teenagers and young people. They dreamt big and their dreams changed their lives and even the world. Steve Jobs and Bill Gates are the good examples. They have developed technology and brought great progress to human besides making money for themselves.

Older people should believe that it is never too late to dream and that human mind is never too old to make dreams turn into reality. Colonel Saunders realized his dreams at the age of 67 and set up the biggest fried chicken company (KFC) in the world.

To dream is a wonderful ability which can lead to wonderful results. Olympic records were broken by players who were brave enough to dream. No one is too young or too old to dream and to make dreams come true.

66. People who _____ could probably realize their dreams.

- A. find a way to dream
- B. dream and hold fast to them
- C. get the meaning of life
- D. have very good school results

67. Young people should be encouraged to dream because _____.

- A. their dreams are natural
- B. they are greater than everyone else
- C. they have much knowledge
- D. their dreams might change the world

68. What does the example of Colonel Saunders show us?

- A. Setting up a big company is a wonderful ability.
- B. Developing technology can bring great progress.
- C. Even older people can make their dreams come true.
- D. People should be brave enough to dream when they are young.

69. The underlined word "naïve" in the passage means "_____" in Chinese.

- A. 逆反的
- B. 幼稚的
- C. 调皮的
- D. 冲动的

70. The best title (题目) for the passage is "_____".

- A. From Dream to Reality
- B. Good Examples of Dreams
- C. Achievements in History
- D. A List of Successful Dreamers

总分	核分人

2014 年河北省初中毕业生升学文化课考试

英语试卷

卷 II (非选择题, 共 35 分)

注意事项: 1. 答卷 II 前, 将密封线左侧的项目填写清楚。

2. 答卷 II 时, 将答案用黑色字迹的钢笔、签字笔或圆珠笔直接写在试卷上。

题号	VIII	IX	X	XI	
				A	B
得分					

听力部分 (第二节)

得分	评卷人

VIII. 听短文填空 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)



Information Sheet	
Jack King	• He comes to an English 71. _____ today. • He has taught English in China for 72. _____ years.
Secret of successful language learning	• Believe in 73. _____. • 74. _____ and be ready to read and listen more. • Never give up.
Learning English takes time, but it's really 75. _____.	

笔试部分

得分	评卷人

IX. 任务型阅读 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

阅读短文, 并按要求完成 76~80 题。

In today's world of mobile phones, MP5 players and mini computers, most people have at least one time-telling tool with them. Since these small machines are so common, will people stop wearing the 500-year-old watches? According to some people, yes. A teenager says it's unnecessary to wear a watch. Many young people agree — and use their mobile phones to tell time. Louis Galie, a president, said that fewer young people wear watches today than five years ago.

However, watchmakers say that watches get popular again when people reach their 20s and 30s. By then, they want to spend money on a nice time-telling tool which doesn't just keep good time. For this reason, the watch industry has become an accessory business (配件业) in recent years.

Today's _____ offer a lot of uses that meet the need of almost any personality (个性). They can be used as compasses (指南针), calendars, and even USB drives...

People are always trying their best to create new kinds of watches. A certain watchmaker business makes watches that don't even look like watches. Their popular model uses different color lights to tell the time. Another watchmaker business, makes a "handless" watch, using a ring of circles to keep time. This watch makes people talk a lot about modern watches.

Whether a watch expresses fashion sense, creative ability or a love of sports, people want their time-telling tools to be beautiful, fashionable and practical. All in all, a watch has become more important than the time it tells.

76 题完成句子; 77 题简略回答问题; 78 题将文中横线处空缺的一个单词填写在下面的答题线上; 79 题找出并写下全文的主题句; 80 题将文中画线句子译成汉语。

76. Many young people agree that it's unnecessary to _____.

77. When do watches get popular again according to watchmakers?

78. _____

79. _____

80. _____

得分	评卷人

X. 词语运用 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

根据句意, 用所给单词或短语的适当形式填空 (每词或短语只限使用一次)。

win serve turn on five polite

81. Linda is the big _____ of the car race.

82. Art is my _____ class in the timetable today.

83. We should always speak _____ to our parents.

84. Jim _____ the TV and watched the football game.

85. Mr. Zhang owns a teahouse. It _____ tea in special bowls.

XI. 基础写作 (包括 A、B 两部分, A 部分 5 分, B 部分 10 分, 共计 15 分)

得分	评卷人

A) 连词成句 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

将所给单词连成句子。要求符合语法, 语句通顺, 大小写正确, 单词不得重复使用, 标点已给出。

86. night, did, last, rain, it

_____ ?

87. your, what, is, shirt, size

_____ ?

88. gift, him, birthday, gave, a, I

_____ .

89. flower, what, are, beautiful, they

_____ !

90. tennis, a, Nancy, twice, week, play

_____ .

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英语试题参考答案及评分标准

卷 I

1. C	2. B	3. A	4. A	5. B	6. B	7. A	8. C	9. A
10. A	11. A	12. B	13. A	14. C	15. B	16. C	17. B	18. A
19. C	20. A	21. B	22. C	23. A	24. B	25. A	26. A	27. D
28. D	29. B	30. D	31. C	32. B	33. D	34. A	35. A	36. B
37. C	38. A	39. C	40. B	41. D	42. B	43. C	44. D	45. C
46. A	47. B	48. C	49. D	50. A	51. C	52. D	53. A	54. C
55. B	56. D	57. C	58. C	59. B	60. D	61. B	62. C	63. B
64. B	65. D	66. B	67. D	68. C	69. B	70. A		

评分标准: 1. 1~55 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 55 分; 56~70 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 30 分。

2. 凡与答案不符者不得分。

卷 II

VIII. 71. club

72. eight/8

73. yourself

74. Work hard

75. fun

评分标准: 1. 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分。

2. 凡与答案不符, 但所填信息与答案意思相同且与题目要求相符者, 可酌情给分。

IX. 76. wear a watch/wear watches

77. When people reach their 20s and 30s, watches get popular again.

/When people reach their 20s and 30s.

78. watches

79. A watch has become more important than the time it tells.

All in all, a watch has become more important than the time it tells.

80. 人们一直/总是在努力创造/设计/制造新型/种类的手表。

评分标准: 1. 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分。

2. 凡与答案不符, 但所填内容与答案意思相近且与题目要求相符者, 可酌情给分。有关语法及拼写 (包括大小写) 等错误酌情减分。

X. 81. winner

82. fifth

83. politely

84. turned on

85. serves

评分标准: 1. 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分。

2. 凡与答案不符, 但所填词语与题目要求相符者, 可酌情给分。

XI. A) 86. Did it rain last night?

87. What size is your shirt?

88. I gave him a birthday gift.

89. What beautiful flowers they are!

90. Nancy plays tennis twice a week.

评分标准: 1. 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分。

2. 凡语序、词形变化与答案相符, 但出现句子首字母不大写等错误, 酌情给分。

B) 91. One possible version

Hi, Tony,

Good to hear from you! It's amazing that you're learning Chinese cooking. Why are you interested in it? How are you learning? And what can you cook? Hope to enjoy your dishes next time!

Yes, we really have Mid-Autumn Festival. It's on August 15th of the lunar calendar. It's one of the most important festivals in China. All the family members get together for a big dinner that day. We usually eat moon cakes while watching the moon at night. We believe the full moon is the symbol of reunion.

Bye for now,

Li Hua

一、评分原则

1. 本题总分为 10 分, 按五个档次给分。
2. 评分时, 先根据短文的内容要点初步确定其所属档次, 然后以该档次的语言要求来衡量、确定或调整档次, 最后给分。
3. 文中若出现真实的人名、校名或地名, 酌情减分。

二、内容要点

1. Ask Tony something about his Chinese cooking.
2. Answer his questions about Mid-Autumn Festival.

三、评分标准

档 次	分 值	语 言 要 求
一档	9~10 分	包含了所有要点,能围绕内容要点适当发挥,内容具体、丰富;应用了较丰富的语言结构和词汇,用词准确,句子通顺,行文连贯,表达清楚;没有或几乎没有语言错误,具备较强的语言运用能力,达到了预期的写作目的。
二档	7~8 分	基本包含了所有要点,并有一定发挥,内容比较丰富;应用的语言结构和词汇能满足任务要求,句子较通顺,表达较清楚;有少量语言错误,基本达到了预期的写作目的。
三档	5~6 分	包含了多数要点,并有所发挥,内容不够丰富、具体,字数较少;句子不够通顺,语言表达过于简单,行文不够连贯;有部分语言错误。
四档	3~4 分	只包含了少数要点,内容过少;句子无条理,语言不规范,行文不连贯;语言错误较多。
五档	0~2 分	只包含一个要点或所写内容与要求几乎无关,内容杂乱,不知所云;语言很不通顺,用词很不准确;错误过多,几乎难以读懂。

四、说明

1. 内容要点可以用不同方式表达。
2. 相同的错误不重复计算。
3. 是否使用参考词汇不作为评分依据。