

随州市 2014 年初中毕业升学考试
英语 试 题

本试卷分听力和笔试两部分。满分 120 分，考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡和试卷上。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑，如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号，答在试卷上无效。
3. 非选择题用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔直接答在答题卡上，答在试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束，监考人员将试卷与答题卡一并收回。

第一部分 听 力

一、听力测试（共三节，满分 25 分）

第一节（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面五段小对话和对话后的问题，从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话仅读一遍。

- | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. Doctor. | B. Singer. | C. Teacher. |
| 2. A. By bus. | B. By bike. | C. On foot. |
| 3. A. On Friday. | B. On Saturday. | C. On Sunday. |
| 4. A. Lily. | B. Linda. | C. Mary. |
| 5. A. \$ 30. | B. \$ 60. | C. \$ 90. |

第二节（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

听下面三段长对话和一段独白，每段长对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6—8 小题。

6. Where is Jack going?
- A. To a bookshop. B. To a party. C. To a concert.
7. How often does Bill wear suit?
- A. Sometimes. B. Always. C. Never.
8. What kind of music does Bill like best?
- A. Rock music. B. Pop music. C. Classical music.

听下面一段对话，回答第 9—11 小题。

9. How does the man know the time for the match?
- A. From the magazine. B. From the TV. C. From the newspaper.

10. What can we know from the dialogue?

- A. They like basketball.
- B. They watch TV every evening.
- C. They'll watch an NBA match.

11. Why can't the woman watch the match?

- A. Because she doesn't like basketball.
- B. Because she has to work early tomorrow.
- C. Because she wants to see another program.

听下面一段对话，回答第 12—15 小题。

12. When does the dialogue take place?

- A. In the morning.
- B. In the afternoon.
- C. In the evening.

13. Where are they talking?

- A. At Jim's home.
- B. In the hospital.
- C. In the street.

14. How many pieces of cake did Jim have?

- A. Four.
- B. Five.
- C. Six.

15. Who ate the most ice cream at the birthday party?

- A. Jim.
- B. Alice.
- C. John.

听下面一段独白，回答第 16—20 小题。

16. The old farmer lived _____.

- A. in the countryside
- B. in the city
- C. in a tall building

17. The old farmer was _____ what he saw in Beijing.

- A. mad at
- B. surprised at
- C. not interested in

18. The old farmer _____.

- A. came to the city for the first time
- B. had traveled to the city several times
- C. found nothing new and strange in the city

19. When the old farmer was in a large tall building, he saw _____ get into the lift.

- A. a young girl
- B. his wife
- C. an old woman

20. From the passage, we can guess the old farmer _____.

- A. knew a lot about the lift
- B. was interested in the lift
- C. didn't like the lift

第三节 (共5小题, 每小题1分, 满分5分)

听短文填写表格, 每空一词。短文读两遍。

Personal information	Michael is fourteen. He likes to <u>21</u> others.
Where to work	Michael wants to be a volunteer in the old people's home or in the <u>22</u> .
What to do	※ In his opinion, he can get along well with the old. He can do some <u>23</u> and perform a play for them. ※ Michael loves children and he likes to tell stories to the <u>24</u> children.
Other things	If you need his help, you can call him at <u>25</u> .

第二部分 笔试

二、单项选择 (本题共15分, 每小题1分)

从每小题A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

26. —What useful program it is !
—Yeah. It tells us how to play violin.
A. a; the B. an; the C. the; a D. an; 不填
27. —The camera in your hand is nice, is it ?
—Yes, but I'll give it to my friend Lily as birthday present.
A. you; her B. your; hers C. yours; her D. you; hers
28. —How is Lucy's English?
—She always does very well in her English exams. But she can understand English radio programs.
A. always B. already C. easily D. hardly
29. —What do you think of the environment here?
—Wonderful ! of the land covered with trees and grass.
A. Two fifths; is B. Two fifth; is C. Two fifths; are D. Two fifth; are
30. —What do you usually have for breakfast?
—I used to dumplings, but these days I'm used to bread and milk.
A. eat; have B. eating; having C. eating; have D. eat; having
31. —Who helped you sweep the classroom yesterday?
— . I did it all by myself.
A. Somebody B. Anybody C. Nobody D. Everybody
32. —What are you looking for?
—I'm looking for the book you lent me yesterday.
A. what B. who C. when D. 不填

33. —I don't know if his uncle _____.
—I think he _____ if he is free.
A. will come; comes B. will come; will
C. comes; comes D. comes; will
34. —I'll have a tennis game tomorrow. I'm a little bit nervous.
—Believe in _____. Your're the best in our club.
A. yourself B. myself C. herself D. himself
35. —Your sister doesn't get up early, does she?
—_____. But she gets up late on weekends.
A. No, she doesn't B. Yes, she does
C. No, she does D. Yes, she doesn't
36. —I wonder when you _____ the new watch.
—Well, I _____ it for two weeks.
A. have bought; have had B. bought; have bought
C. bought; have had D. have bought; have bought
37. —What do you think of this soap opera?
—I think it's very boring, _____ my mother can't wait to watch it every day.
A. and B. but C. or D. so
38. —Jim, you look sleepy. What's wrong?
—I _____ to write a report last night.
A. looked up B. ended up C. stayed up D. took up
39. —Mary was heard _____ just now. What happened?
—Joe was telling her some jokes.
A. cry B. laugh C. to laugh D. to cry
40. —Congratulations! You have won the first prize in the English Contest.
—_____!
A. Thank you B. Good idea C. Of course D. Enjoy yourself

三、完形填空 (本题共 15 分, 每小题 1 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的四个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案。

In August of 2011, Apple Computer became the most popular company in the world. However, Steve Jobs did not get to enjoy the 41 because he was in bad health because of cancers. Of course, any other person couldn't 42 the best medical care that he had got, including a liver transplant. (肝移植)

I think Steve was a great 43 leader. After learning about his death, I decided to find out more about Steve and share what I have 44.

In some ways, he was not much different from you and 45. He was raised 46 a working class parents. Growing up he was energetic, cool and fun - loving. However, he was 47.

He was very clever. Like any other single child, he was 48 with few friends, and did not know how to share happiness. He couldn't get on well with 49. He didn't know how to make friends. But luckily, his wife was strong enough to 50 him. He invented Apple, had a child, and finally became 51 and famous.

He became the CEO of Apple again in 1997 when the business was bad. He and his team worked day and night to turn this around. Sometimes he would 52 someone in the middle of the night about a great idea he 53. He was a hard - working worker. In 2004 he had been in bad health. In 2009 he had a liver transplant. On October 5th, 2011, he 54.

Money does not mean much if you do not have good 55. Health is more important than material success.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 41. A. success | B. sadness | C. decision | D. work |
| 42. A. give | B. afford | C. take | D. offer |
| 43. A. school | B. shop | C. business | D. factory |
| 44. A. heard | B. read | C. talked | D. learned |
| 45. A. I | B. my | C. myself | D. me |
| 46. A. in | B. by | C. from | D. with |
| 47. A. the same | B. stupid | C. different | D. outgoing |
| 48. A. quiet | B. happy | C. cute | D. cool |
| 49. A. another | B. others | C. the others | D. other |
| 50. A. sit | B. hate | C. stand | D. love |
| 51. A. rich | B. poor | C. strong | D. friendly |
| 52. A. say | B. call | C. watch | D. hear |
| 53. A. came out | B. came up with | C. caught up | D. picked up |
| 54. A. got well | B. arrived in | C. passed away | D. came in |
| 55. A. time | B. life | C. family | D. health |

四. 阅读理解 (本题共 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的四个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项。

A

In America, when people say "man's best friend", they don't mean another person.

Instead, they are talking about a lovely animal—a dog! These words show the friendship between people and animals. Dogs and other pets can give joy to people's lives. Some people think of their pets as their children. *Some people even leave all their money to their pets when they die!*

Animals can help people, too. Dogs can be taught to be the "eyes" for a blind person or "ears" for a deaf person. Scientists have found that pets help people live longer! They make people happier, too. Because of that, they bring animals into hospitals for "visits".

Americans hold "Be Kind to Animals Week" in the first week of May. Pet shows are held during the week. Even if you don't live in America, you can do this, too. How? First think about how animals make your life richer. If you have a pet, take more time this week to play with it. Remember to give it delicious food.

If you don't have a pet, be kind to animals around you. For example, if you see a street dog, just leave it alone, or make friends with it. If others around you do bad things to animals, try to speak up. As people, we must protect animals who can't speak for themselves.

56. "*Some people even leave all their money to their pets when they die!*" is used to prove that

- _____.
- A. pets have the right (权利) to inherit (继承) money
 - B. money can make pets happy
 - C. it's the best way to spend money
 - D. some pets are as important to their owners as their children
57. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
- A. Dogs can help people in many ways.
 - B. Dogs can help people make everything.
 - C. Dogs can help people live happier.
 - D. Dogs can make people's lives richer.
58. What is the main idea of the passage?
- A. Pets are lovely and need care and protection.
 - B. Dogs can help people do many things.
 - C. A lot of people are interested in dogs.
 - D. We have done a lot of things for pets.

B

Nothing was going right for Dr. Turner at the hospital. He made a mistake while operating on a patient. He felt sure he was no longer trusted (信任) and decided to change his job. One day he learned from the paper that a doctor was looking for a partner. The doctor, whose name was Johnson, lived in Thorby, a small town in the north of England.

A few days later Dr. Turner went to Thorby, and arrived at Dr. Johnson's home early in the afternoon. Though old and a little deaf, Dr. Johnson still had a good brain. He kept talking to the visitor about the town and its people. When they turned to the question of partnership, it was already

seven in the evening, Dr. Johnson invited Dr. Turner to have dinner with him in a restaurant before catching the train back to London. Dr. Turner noticed that Dr. Johnson was fond of good food and expensive wines. They had an excellent meal. When the bill was brought, Dr. Johnson felt in his pocket. "Oh, dear," he said. "I've forgotten my money." "That's all right," Dr. Turner said. "I'll pay the bill." As he did so, he began to wonder whether Dr. Johnson was worthy of trust.

59. Dr. Turner decided to leave his present job because _____.
A. he had never been trusted
B. it needed too great skills
C. he believed it offered little hope for his future
D. he thought the hospital would like him to leave
60. The two doctors spent most of the afternoon talking about _____.
A. things of no interest to Dr. Johnson
B. things of no importance to Dr. Turner
C. health matters
D. food and drink
61. The story suggests that _____.
A. Dr. Johnson did not like Dr. Turner
B. The two doctors would become friends
C. The two doctors would not work together
D. Dr. Turner decided to stay at his present job

C

In Britain you're allowed to drive a car when you're seventeen. You have to get a special two-year driving license before you start. When you're learning, someone with full license always has to be in the car with you. You don't have to go to a driving school—a friend can teach you. The person with you isn't allowed to take money for the lesson unless he's got a teacher's license.

Before you're allowed to have a full license, you have to take a driving test. You can take a test in your own car, but it has to be fit for the road. In the test, you have to drive round for half an hour and then answer a few questions. If you don't pass the test, you're allowed to take it again a few weeks later if you want to. In 1970, a woman passed her fortieth test after 212 driving lessons!

When you've passed your test, you don't have to take it again, and you're allowed to go on driving as long as you like, if you're healthy. Britain's oldest driver was a man who drove in 1974 at the age of 100.

Before 1904, everyone was allowed to drive, even children. Then from 1904 car drivers had to have a license. But they didn't have to take a test until 1935. In the early days of car driving, before 1978, cars weren't allowed to go faster than four miles an hour, and someone had to lead the car with a red flag.

62. Which of the following is NOT necessary for a young man who wants to drive a car alone?
- A. He has to pass a driving test to get a full license.
 - B. He has to learn to drive in a driving school.
 - C. He has to get a special two-year driving license.
 - D. He has to reach the age of 17.
63. A person can't take money for driving lessons unless he _____.
A. has a full license and a teacher's license
B. has a driving school
C. is good at driving
D. has learned to drive in a driving school
64. In the driving test, one _____.
A. must drive his own car
B. has to do some test papers
C. is usually asked to drive on roads for half an hour
D. should have 212 driving lessons
65. The car drivers began to take a driving test in _____.
A. 1878 B. 1904 C. 1935 D. 1970

D

How can you think in English? I think the best way is to practice as what a football player does every day. During the practice, the football players pass the ball to his teammates over and over again, so they won't have to think about passing the ball in the game, they will just do it. You can train yourself to think in English in this way. The first step is to think of the words that you use daily, simple everyday words like book, shoe or tree. For example, whenever you see a "book" ① you should think of it in English _____ in your mother language. ② After you have learned to think of words in English, you'd better go on to the next step—thinking of sentences in English.

③ 听是学英语的一个非常有用的方法。 Listen first and don't care too much about whether you fully understand what you're hearing. Try to say what you hear as much as possible. The more you listen, the better you learn. After you reach a higher level, start having conversations with yourself in English. This will lead you to think in English.

根据短文内容, 按要求完成下列任务。

66. 在①句的空白处分别填入适当的词,使句意完整、上下文通顺。

_____ ; _____

67. 将②句译成中文。_____

68. 将③句译成英文。_____

69. 在文中找出与 "If you listen more, you'll learn better." 意思相近的句子。

70. 写出或在文中找出最能表达文章大意的句子。

五. 完成句子 (本题共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

根据所给汉语提示完成句子, 每空一词。

71. 它因成功帮助无家可归的人重返正常生活而闻名。

It is famous _____ its success in helping _____ people return to a normal life.

72. 为了避免撞到卡车, 他撞到了墙上, 胳膊伤得很厉害。

To _____ hitting the truck, he ran into the wall and his arm was _____ hurt.

73. 这个组织每年为他们提供住房。

The program _____ them _____ houses every year.

74. 美国是说英语人数最多的国家, 超过 2.26 亿人。

The United States has the largest _____ of English _____, over 226 million people.

75. 他不敢在课堂上回答问题, 因为他害怕出错。

He _____ not answer questions in class, because he is afraid of _____ mistakes.

六. 短文填空 (本题共 10 分, 每小题 1 分)

从方框中选择适当的单词, 并用其适当的形式完成短文, 每词只能用一次, 每空一词。

do good in try work comfortable also noise report they

In today's world, not all people know noise is also a kind of pollution and is harmful to humans' health.

People who work and live in 76 conditions go deaf easily. For example, many of the 77 who print newspapers and books go deaf. Quite a few people living near airports 78 have hearing loss. Recently, it is 79 that many teenagers in America can hear no 80 than 65-year-old people do, because these young people always listen to loud pop music. Making a loud noise 81 public is also a kind of pollution. It not only disturbs others but also 82 great harm to people's hearing. Cars and machines also produce too much noise. Such pollution makes people feel 83 and unpleasant, and it can even cause 84 to become deaf.

Nowadays, many countries are 85 to solve all sorts of environmental problems, including noise pollution.

七. 书面表达 (本题共 15 分).

假如你是李明, 你的朋友 Peter 即将面临中考, 然而他却深感压力巨大, 寝食不安, 情绪低落, 学习效率低下. 请你写一封信给他提一些有益的建议, 帮助他调整心态, 提高学习效率, 轻松迎考. 要点如下:

1. 学会放松 (体育锻炼, 听音乐……)
2. 健康饮食
3. 充足睡眠
4. 学会沟通

注意: 1. 词数: 80 词左右. (文章的开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数)

2. 可适当发挥, 但必须包含以上要点.

Dear Peter,

Don't worry about your study too much. First, you should

I hope you can stay in good spirits and study better.

Yours,

Li Ming

英语参考答案及评分标准

一、听力测试 (本题共 25 分, 每小题 1 分)

1. C 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. B 7. C 8. A 9. C 10. A
11. B 12. B 13. A 14. A 15. C 16. A 17. B 18. A 19. C 20. B
21. help 22. hospital 23. cleaning 24. sick 25. 62875349

二、单项选择 (本题共 15 分, 每小题 1 分)

26. A 27. C 28. D 29. A 30. D 31. C 32. D 33. B 34. A 35. B
36. C 37. B 38. C 39. C 40. A

三、完形填空 (本题共 15 分, 每小题 1 分)

41. A 42. B 43. C 44. D 45. D 46. B 47. C 48. A 49. B 50. C
51. A 52. B 53. B 54. C 55. D

四、阅读理解 (本题共 30 分, 每小题 2 分)

56. D 57. B 58. A 59. C 60. B 61. C 62. B 63. A 64. C 65. C
66. instead; of
67. 用英语学会思考单词后, 你最好继续下一步——用英语思考句子。
68. Listening is a very useful way to learn English.
69. The more you listen, the better you learn.
70. How can you think in English?

五、完成句子 (本题共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

71. for; homeless 72. avoid; badly 73. provides; with 74. number; speakers
75. dare; making

六、短文填空 (本题共 10 分, 每小题 1 分)

76. noisy 77. workers 78. also 79. reported 80. better
81. in 82. does 83. uncomfortable 84. them 85. trying

七、书面表达 (本题共 15 分)

评分说明:

一、评分细则:

1. 本题共 15 分, 按五个档次给分。
2. 评分时, 先根据短文的内容和语言初步确定其所属档次, 然后以该档次的要求来衡量, 确定或调整档次, 最后给分。

二、各档次给分范围和要求:

- 第一档: (13—15): 内容完整, 句子正确或基本正确, 行文连贯, 表达清楚, 书写规范。
- 第二档: (10—12): 内容完整, 行文较连贯, 句子表达有少量错误, 但不影响主旨大意。
- 第三档: (7—9): 内容基本完整, 句子表达错误较多, 影响主旨大意。
- 第四档: (3—6): 内容不完整, 句子错误多, 影响主旨大意。
- 第五档: (0—2): 空白卷, 或只有少数单词或句子, 不能表达任何完整意思。

三、说明:

1. 内容要点可用不同方式来表达。
2. 书写较差以致影响交际扣 2 分。
3. 文中出现的语法、单词拼写、大小写等错误, 每处扣 1 分, 同样错误不重复计算。

Dear Peter,

Don't worry about your study too much. First, you should learn how to relax yourself. I think doing more sports is good for your health. Listening to music is also a good way to relax. And I think it's necessary to have healthy eating habits. Please remember to have breakfast every morning. It can give you enough energy to study for the whole morning. You'd better go to bed early and have enough sleep. It will keep you active during the day. Finally I think you should talk with your friends, parents or teachers often. Tell them about your thoughts and feelings. Try to get help from them.

I hope you can stay in good spirits, and study better.

Yours,

Li Ming